

OHIO IS TRUE

STANDS BY PRESIDENT MCKINLEY
AND HIS POLICIES.Repudiates John R. McLean and His
Slandering Attacks on the Na-
tional Administration.

NASH ELECTED GOVERNOR

HIS PLURALITY MAY BE MORE THAN
FIFTY THOUSAND.Made Extraordinary Gains in His Own
County and at the Home of
Chairman Dick.

BIG VOTE POLLED BY JONES

RECEIVED OVER 100,000 OUT OF A
TOTAL OF LESS THAN 300,000.Hamilton County, the Home of J. R.
McLean, Carried for the Head of
the Fusion Ticket by 1,000.

SURPRISES IN THE CITIES

WHAT THE FIGURES SHOW IN CIN-
CINNATI, TOLEDO, CLEVELAND.Toledo Jones Thankful, Even in De-
feat—Nash Succeeded—President
McKinley's Vote Cast at Canton.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—The indications at midnight are that the Republicans have carried the State by over 50,000 plurality, with over 100,000 for Jones, out of a total of less than 300,000. The Republican majority in the Legislature is larger than usual, but no senator is to be elected. Judge Nash was crowned after midnight at the Neil House. To an enthusiastic crowd he made a brief speech upon being introduced by Hon. Harry L. Daugherty, his rival for the nomination. Judge Nash said that the Ohio result was a message to President McKinley that his home State endorsed his administration and presaged McKinley's re-nomination and re-election in 1900. The Republicans made their largest gains at the homes of Judge Nash, Senator Hanna and Chairman Dick. The Democrats made their largest gains at the home of Mr. McLean.

At 10 p. m. the chairmen of both the Republican and Democratic state committees were claiming the election of their respective tickets and also a majority of the Legislature. There are no Jones legislative or other candidates, but Samuel M. Jones, mayor of Toledo, is certainly the closest third that ever entered the Ohio gubernatorial race. When Judge Nash was seen, at 10 o'clock, he claimed his election as Governor, and Chairman Dick said he was assured the Republicans had carried everything. Mr. McLean, when asked if he claimed his election, replied he had no answer yet to make. Chairman Seward, of the Democratic committee, said he was not prepared yet to answer the question.

At 10:30 Hon. C. L. Kurtz, the Ohio member of the Republican national committee, who was in Governor Bushnell's office figuring on the returns, said: "I regard the returns received up to this time as insufficient to make a correct estimate on the vote for Governor. The first precincts reported are usually the ones in which there is a small vote, and that vote is less liable to fluctuation than in other precincts. Hence it is idle to claim either the election of Nash or of McLean as yet."

After 11 p. m. the returns showed that the Democratic gains in Cincinnati and other cities were reduced and that McLean was likely to be third at Cleveland and possibly at Toledo, in which cities Jones drew much more heavily from the Democrats than from the Republicans. At the same time the Republican net gains outside of Cincinnati, Cleveland and Toledo were increasing at such a rate as to indicate a plurality of from 30,000 to 40,000 for Judge Nash for Governor and the entire Republican state ticket, including a majority of the Legislature. Chairman Dick had, previous to the election, repeatedly claimed the election of the entire Republican state ticket by not less than 50,000 plurality. At 11 o'clock he refused to give out any figures, but those around him said this meant that he had no reason to change his first figures. The later returns seem to be growing in favor of the Republicans, especially since the returns indicate that Jones hurt the Democrats much more than the Republicans in Cleveland, Toledo and Columbus and other cities, while the first reports indicated exactly the opposite effect.

Judge Nash, Republican candidate, was receiving the congratulations of his friends and neighbors at the Neil House after 11 p. m. He said: "I claim my election by at least 30,000, but I am too much engaged to give a statement of the causes or to analyze the results for the press." The bands and clubs were then serenading him.

quarters struck up for the first time during the night, the blue club chimed in and the Republican jubilation was inaugurated about midnight, with all sorts of demonstrations.

At 11:20 p. m. Chairman Seward, of the Democratic committee, was asked for a statement on the result, but declined to make one. He was then asked if he conceded the election of Judge Nash or claimed the election of McLean, to which he replied: "I will say nothing."

On Friday last Chairman Dick, in a statement furnished the press, conceded to Jones from 75,000 to 100,000 in the State and claimed that Nash's plurality would not be less than 50,000, and that both branches of the Legislature would be safely Republican. From returns received up to midnight Chairman Dick says that he has no reason to change the opinion then expressed. Chairman Seward declined further statements as to causes, results or anything.

Toledo's Figures.
TOLEDO, O., Nov. 7.—The entire Republican county and legislative ticket, with one exception, is evidently elected by pluralities ranging from 1,000 to 3,000. Yet, Democratic treasurer, is probably re-elected. At midnight fifty-three of the 119 precincts in the county were returned, giving Nash 4,438; McLean, 3,222; Jones, 3,836. Jones cut deeper into the Democratic vote than was expected and harmed the Republicans less than they feared. Betting was 2 to 1 that Jones would carry his own county.

Jones's precincts began coming in after midnight. Indications now are that Nash will barely pull through, as all save three of the county precincts are in. Seventy-one out of 119 precincts give Nash 6,068; McLean 4,437 and Jones 5,831. Nearly all remaining precincts are Democratic.

Democratic Loss of Over 4,000.
CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 7.—Fifty precincts in Cuyahoga county give Nash 3,222; McLean, 1,879; Jones, 6,476. A Republican loss of 2,162 and a Democratic loss of 4,239. This will give Jones a majority over the other two candidates in this county.

The returns from the Western Reserve show marked Republican gains and this part of the State will do much toward giving Nash a good majority.

Heavy Gain at Nash's Home.
COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—At midnight eighty-seven out of 124 precincts in Columbus and Franklin county show Judge Nash has carried his home county by 1,832. Two years ago Chapman, Dem., carried the county by 1,245, making the net Republican gain 3,184. The Republicans have elected their entire county and legislative ticket, including a state senator.

Hamilton County.
CINCINNATI, Nov. 7.—With four city precincts and thirty-seven precincts outside the city, 12:30 o'clock to the hour from in Hamilton county the plurality for McLean for Governor is not far from one thousand. The result as to the remainder of the county ticket is in doubt, with chances in favor of the fusion ticket.

WHAT MR. JONES SAYS.
He Thinks His Cause Has Won a Great Victory.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 7.—Mayor Jones late to-night said: "The result of the election is extremely gratifying to me, as it must be to every lover of liberty. The vote for the fusion ticket is a large enough majority to justify the claim that the cause has won the political victory ever recorded in the political history of the city. I believe the moral force will lead the Legislature to pass the municipal code commission bill, which provides that every municipal officer in Ohio shall be elected by the people. This plan, doing away entirely with political parties in all our cities. Furthermore, the vote for the nonpartisan idea will have its influence in shaping national issues next year. There will be more of morals in the national platform by the reason of it."

HANNA SATISFIED.
Result in Ohio, He Says, Is a Splendid Republican Victory.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 7.—Senator Hanna received the election returns at the Union Club. At midnight he made the following statement:

"Under the conditions it has been a splendid Republican victory. The returns have come in so slowly that it is impossible to say just how emphatic the victory is, but it is a magnificent one. It was an endorsement of the Republican party, and a splendid one. It is too soon to say that I am satisfied with the result, for we do not know certainly what the result is. But we know enough to know that it is a great victory for the party. The results in Cuyahoga county is not different from what was expected, and was due to local conditions which were pretty well understood before the election. The results so far as this country is concerned has no real significance, while it is not pleasant it is not a surprise. What the results are all in it will be possible to analyze the figures and understand all they mean, but until the returns are more complete there is no use saying anything more than that they show a great Republican victory."

What Senator Hanna said applies only to Ohio and to the results in the other States and said what he did very reluctantly.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY VOTES.
Stamps Ballot 191, Hands It to the Judge and Walks Out.

CANTON, O., Nov. 7.—President McKinley cast his ballot just as the noon hour struck. He was scheduled to reach the city at 10:35, but his train was an hour and twenty minutes late.

With him came Mrs. McKinley, Assistant Secretary Cortelyou and Dr. Riker. Respecting the President's desire for simplicity in exercising the right of franchise, Cantons arranged for no demonstration. But when the train steamed in there were on the station platform nearly all the members of the reception committee of the 1896 campaign, scores of old neighbors and close friends, together with an immense crowd of citizens. Lusty cheering began as the train appeared, and continued until the party, in carriages, disappeared. The party went direct to the Barber home, to be the guests of Mrs. McKinley's sister. As soon as greetings were exchanged and Mrs. McKinley comfortably established the President started for his polling place—B. of the First ward, and continued until the recent purchase, the famous cottage of 1896. At the Barber home steps he encountered an impromptu reception, a large crowd having gathered to greet him. Old soldiers of the civil war and young soldiers of the Spanish war were conspicuous in meeting their old comrade and commander-in-chief, respectively. Shaking hands as he passed the President walked to the polling place, seven blocks away. Here there were more greetings exchanged, and he was handed Ballot 191. He was back of the booth curtain only an instant and then handed his ballot to the judge.

President McKinley and party left here on the Pennsylvania train No. 29 and will reach Washington about noon Wednesday. He looked after a few business matters here but spent most of the time receiving (Continued on Second Page.)

BY OVER 10,000

KENTUCKY CARRIED BY REPUBLICAN
CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.W. S. Taylor Successful in One of the
Greatest Political Battles Ever
Fought in the State.

VOTE WAS UNUSUALLY HEAVY

AND THE EXCITEMENT INTENSE, BUT
THERE WAS NO SERIOUS TROUBLE.Troops Called Out by the Governor
to Enforce a Court's Decree, but
Their Services Not Needed.

BRIEF RIOT AT LEXINGTON

100 SHOTS WERE EXCHANGED, BUT
ONLY ONE MAN HURT.Slight Clashes at Covington and Bry-
an's Station, Where Election Offi-
cers Were Interfered With.

NEBRASKA STILL FOR BRYAN

FUSIONISTS HAVE CARRIED THE
STATE BY AT LEAST 15,000.Old-Time Republican Plurality in
Iowa—Results in Other Western
States and Cities.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—By the combined efforts of the Republicans and anti-Goebelites Attorney General W. S. Taylor, Rep., has been elected Governor of Kentucky by a majority variously estimated from 7,000 to 15,000 over Goebel, Dem. Returns received up to midnight also indicate the election of the entire Republican ticket, while the complexion of the Legislature is in doubt.

The weather throughout the State was perfect, and more than an average vote was polled, the total falling but little short of the vote polled in the last presidential election. Comparatively little disorder prevailed, and, aside from several arrests for alleged violations of election laws, the election was characterized by a remarkable degree of quietude.

Governor Bradley remained in Louisville during the day and had the Louisville Legion in readiness for marching orders. The militia was called out after the close of the polls to enforce an injunction granted by a local judge, but the presence of the militia was not needed and the companies were ordered back to the armory.

Chairman Long, of the Republican campaign committee, said at midnight Taylor's plurality would not be less than 15,000. This estimate, he said, was based on estimates received from a majority of the counties in the State. He said Taylor has carried the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth and Eleventh congressional districts, while the Eight and Tenth are close. The Republicans have made heavy gains in most all of the Democratic strongholds, which were expected to give Goebel large majorities.

Chairman Long claims the Republicans have carried the city of Louisville by from 3,000 to 5,000 majority.

Governor Bradley estimates Taylor's plurality at from 15,000 to 18,000.

At midnight there were still many missing precincts, but 181 out of 203 in the city of Louisville and Jefferson county gave Taylor a plurality of 3,822. With all the returns in and the recent ratio of Republican gains maintain Taylor's majority will reach 4,000.

Blackburn's Midnight Claim.
FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 7.—Senator Blackburn and others at Goebel headquarters, at midnight, admitted the returns from many Democratic counties are disappointing, but claim this is partially offset by private dispatches from the Eastern district, indicating a falling off in the Republican vote. Blackburn now claims Goebel will win by 5,000. This is a reduction of 25,000, as compared with claims made two hours earlier.

A bulletin at 1 a. m. by the Goebel campaign committee says: "We have not enough information concerning the State to go into details, but we are confident we have won, though the majority is small."

The Legislature.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—Chairman Long gave out the following statement at 1 a. m. regarding the next Legislature: "The Republicans have elected ten senators out of nineteen, sure. Three more are believed to have been elected, but the returns are not complete, while one is in doubt. There are two Republican hold-overs and six anti-Goebel hold-overs. In the House the Republicans have elected forty-one members certain, the Democrats thirty-five and the anti-Goebel Democrats five. The districts in doubt and not heard from number nineteen, which include Campbell and Kenton counties and three districts in the city of Louisville. This insures a fusion majority in the House against the Goebel law and probably a Republican majority."

Republican Gains Continue.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—Later returns tend to confirm the Republican claims of victory and while the majority will not reach their estimated figures the returns received up to 1 o'clock continue to show Republican gains and a plurality of 7,000 is conceded by many of the Democratic leaders, while some of the more faithful are claiming a plurality of 9,000 for Goebel.

It is thought that the Republicans have gained so materially that it leaves the complexion of the next Legislature in doubt, despite the hold-over senators. The estimated plurality of the most sanguine Dem-

Election Pluralities

	Rep.	Dem.
Iowa	60,000	.....
Kentucky	10,000	.....
Maryland	10,000	.....
Massachusetts	65,000	.....
Mississippi	30,000	.....
Nebraska	15,000	.....
New Jersey	20,000	.....
New York	35,500	.....
Ohio	50,000	.....
Pennsylvania	140,000	.....
South Dakota	10,000	.....

ocratic leaders is based upon returns from the interior of the State, which probably will be overcome by the strong Republican counties, many of which are inaccessible by telegraph or railroad.

Later returns do not change the estimate of the result in this city. In addition to carrying Louisville for the State ticket the Republicans have elected their city ticket, consisting of councilmen and a judge of the Police Court, by about 4,000 plurality. Their legislative ticket is also successful.

At Goebel's Home.
COVINGTON, Ky., Nov. 7.—With all precincts in except five, the figures on the election show a majority of about 1,000 for the entire State Democratic ticket.

NEWPORT, Ky., Nov. 7.—Returns not complete for city nor for county. Goebel will have about 50 plurality in city.

Blackburn "Jollies" Bryan.
FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 8.—Former Senator Blackburn at 2 a. m. sent the following telegram to W. J. Bryan: "We have carried Kentucky by a small but safe majority. Sincere congratulations on your splendid victory in Nebraska."

Goebel Went to Bed Early.
COVINGTON, Ky., Nov. 8.—Hon. William Goebel, at 1 o'clock this morning was supposed to obtain his view of the situation, but he had gone home to sleep, and had given positive directions to not permit any interruption.

TROOPS CALLED OUT.
Ordered to the Louisville Polls to En-
force a Decree of Court.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—At 6 o'clock this evening Col. C. C. Mengel received orders from Governor Bradley to send to the polls at once the Louisville legion, which has been under arms at its armory all day in readiness for a call. Up to this time the election had been one of the quietest ever known here. The balloting proceeded all day without any disorder. A few arrests for alleged interference with voters were made, but there was less than the usual amount of friction between the workers for the respective candidates. When the polls closed at 4 o'clock the inspectors representing the interests of the Brown ticket appeared and demanded admittance to watch the count. This was done under a mandatory injunction issued by Judge Toney, of the Circuit Court, which forbade the use of force by either side.

In a number of precincts the workers for the Brown ticket refused to admit the inspectors. The inspectors were refused recognition and Governor Bradley's order for troops to go to the polls was made on a statement by Judge Toney reciting this state of affairs. Judge Toney's letter to Governor Bradley follows: "Sixty-two mandatory injunctions were today issued by me as judge of the Circuit Court of the Jefferson Circuit Court, requiring election officers to admit the inspectors of the Brown ticket to the polls. The inspectors have been refused recognition and Governor Bradley's order for troops to go to the polls was made on a statement by Judge Toney reciting this state of affairs. Judge Toney's letter to Governor Bradley follows: "Sixty-two mandatory injunctions were today issued by me as judge of the Circuit Court of the Jefferson Circuit Court, requiring election officers to admit the inspectors of the Brown ticket to the polls. 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